Establishing accountability and structure

This information sheet provides guidance for sites and platforms on understanding how to protect the wellbeing of users. It is essential that all companies recognise self-harm and suicide as serious harms and ensure that policies are in place to protect users.

Establishing clear accountability and responsibility

Companies should ensure that accountability for all policies relating to the protection and safety of users is in place at a senior level.

Clear roles and responsibilities should be assigned to individual roles or teams to ensure that policies are well developed, implemented and reviewed. For larger companies this may be dedicated data protection, safeguarding or policy teams. For smaller sites and platforms, this may be an individual role or the platform manager who manages these responsibilities.

Understanding responsibilities to protect users

In order to protect online communities and safely manage self-harm and suicide content, companies must understand and adhere to:

- Data protection and electronic communication laws.
- Their safeguarding responsibilities.
- Reporting responsibilities.
- Responsibilities to protect their users from online harms, such as the upcoming UK online harms regulatory framework.

Understanding of these areas should be used to inform a clear and actionable policy for responding to self-harm and suicide content. See our information sheet: Developing self-harm and suicide content policies for more information.

Understanding safeguarding responsibilities

Companies must have a good understanding of safeguarding and how it applies to their site or platform, including when it is necessary to share information with emergency services, safeguarding bodies or law enforcement agencies. Having clear and robust procedures for managing safeguarding concerns will ensure that users are appropriately protected and that any safeguarding issues that do arise are managed promptly and effectively.

Users who may require additional safeguarding include:

- Children and young people under the age of 18.
- Those with special educational needs and disabilities.
- Those with physical or mental health problems.

Sites and platforms aimed at individuals within these groups will require additional safeguarding measures to ensure their safety.

Maintaining a record of safeguarding issues and how they are dealt with allows for monitoring of trends and recurring risks, making it easier to proactively address them.
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Reporting responsibilities
Companies must understand their responsibilities to report content or safeguarding concerns to law enforcement agencies and safeguarding bodies, such as illegal self-harm and suicide content that is posted on their site.

Larger sites and platforms should work to have a two-way relationship with law enforcement and regulatory bodies by having clear channels for making requests, including in an emergency. This relationship could take the form of an allocated point of contact, or by proactively sharing information.

How Samaritans can help you
For further support and advice on responding to self-harm and suicide content online, please see our website or contact the Samaritans’ Online Harms Advisory Service at onlineharms@samaritans.org
Email monitored Monday–Friday, 9am–5pm.